

# Design and Implementation of Anti-theft Protection of Vehicle Preparation of Vehicle by GSM and GPS with Fingerprint Verification

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#### Abstract:

Vehicle following framework is getting gigantic prevalence on account of expanding number of taken vehicles. Vehicle robbery is occurring in unbound spots. The implemented system provides more security. It contains a solitary board inserted framework on behalf of the versatile (GSM) & global situating framework (GPS) for following and situating any vehicle alongside a microcontroller. Fingerprint authentication is done for ignition of the vehicle and to ensure the driving of correct person. This framework gives more noteworthy security to vehicle and requiring little to no effort contrasted through others.

Keywords: Ignition, GPS, fingerprint, GSM, embedded system.

## I. INTRODUCTION

The principle goal of the system is actualizing an Anti-burglary gadget with constant tracking and user control. It is achieved by GPS & GSM. It gives security by remembering biometrics for the type of unique finger impression acknowledgement to give access to the vehicle. This structure includes biometric security vehicle arrangement in addition to finger impression Confirmation of driver of a vehicle is employed for shielding vehicle out of hostile to robbery [1].

Vehicle framework is getting gigantic prevalence in view of expanding step by step. The proposed framework delineates the process of staying out of these kind of taking as well as offers higher safety for the vehicles [2].

For start of the vehicle we need to give confirmation utilizing unique mark, the picture of the figure is given to the microcontroller then it will contract and recently put away picture in the nearby information base [3-4].

In the event that picture is coordinated at that point microcontroller will actuate start. In the event that picture isn't coordinated at that point microcontroller would forward message towards the vehicle owner [5-7]. Alongside it will generate sign to bell to show the robbery alert.

At the point whenever position of the vehicle is altered excluding the unique finger impression, at that point the framework would think about it by means of an uncommon situation [8].

A SMS towards owner of vehicle using a 'GOOGLE MAP' URL alongside an area coordinates of a vehicle is sent by the framework in that moment [9].

SMS will be forwarded towards owner of vehicle at regular intervals. In addition, vehicle owner could attain the vehicle's situation when by SMS just by giving a missed call [10-11].

#### II. METHODOLOGY

In this framework, a novel imprint-based vehicle follows structure using GPS. It empowers simply endorsed customer to use the vehicle. Here, the framework is proposed aimed at tracking the vehicle's region using GPS. This is not a too bad strategy to keep their vehicle out of the taken.

This structure forwards the land offices to them using such bearings and follow the position of vehicle upon electronic maps using web.

Microcontroller attains the headings out of the GPS modem in addition to a short time later it forwards the information towards the customer in content SMS. SMS would be forwarded towards the



vehicle owner. These kind of SMS includes longitude and extent of the region of vehicle.

GPS collector information from satellites, and that is utilized to decide the location. A unique finger impression sensor is utilized for biometric confirmation.

For checking confirmation unique mark coordination of calculating which is employed for contrasting and recently registered picture. In the event that area of vehicle is varied excluding the unique mark check, framework would assume that something is turning out badly. At that point GPS motor would gather the co-ordinator of the position and forwards SMS towards the owner using a 'GOOGLE MAP' interface that contains proper coordination of that area.

Vehicle Proprietor may attain the vehicle area by a missed call. Fig. 1 portrays the Stream diagram of methodology.



Fig. 1. Stream diagram of security check and sending SMS

For ignition of vehicle we have to give authentication using finger print, the picture of the

finger is given to the microcontroller at that point it will contrast and recently put away picture in the nearby information base.

On the off chance that picture is coordinated, at that point microcontroller will actuate start button. On the off chance that picture of the unique finger impression isn't coordinated and later a message is forwarded towards the vehicle owner through the microcontroller alongside the respective present area.

Likewise, it will produce sign to the ringer to show robbery alert. Stream outline for the start framework is delineated in Fig. 2



Fig. 2. Stream diagram of ignition system

#### III. SYSTEM DESIGN

Arduino ATMega328P microcontroller is utilized to interface different equipment peripherals. The interfacing of the microcontroller is done towards a GSM and GPS beneficiary.

The vehicle situation from an abroad spot is sent by using a GSM modem. SIM900A is employed in this framework Fig. 3 shows a square chart of a vehicle following framework with Fingerprint confirmation. GSM, Fingerprint and GPS gadgets are associated using microcontroller.





Fig. 3. Square diagram of vehicle following system with Fingerprint



Fig. 4. Circuit chart of vehicle following unit

## IV. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Within a vehicle, the following unit is introduced that is having Arduino ATMega328P, SIM900A and AS608 gadgets are associated with the Arduino by means of sequential correspondence. Fig .4 presents the circuit chart of vehicle following unit. Different parts of the following unit are depicted beneath.

## A. Arduino ATMega328P microcontroller

Arduino ATMega328P is high performance, low power controller from microchip. Itis an8-bit microcontroller. It's the foremost popular of all AVR controllers because it is employed in Arduino boards.



Fig. 5. Specifications of Arduino ATMega328P

## B. GPS/GPRS/GSM (SIM900A)

This module is regularly associated with +0.5V standard force flexibility. Directed force and any higher voltage may harm the module. What's more, the force source ought to have the option to convey a pinnacle current of 2A. The UART interface is set up in the module. You should simply interface RXD of module to TXD of Arduino and TXD is associated with RXD of ARDUINO.

After all associations are done, we have to compose program for the microcontroller to trade information with module. Since information trade succession among controller and module is extremely mind boggling, we will utilize libraries for controller or module through their sites utilizing these libraries makes the correspondence simple.



Fig. 6. SIM900A module

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### C. GPS Module

The NEO-6 offers numerous network alternatives during a smaller than expected 16x12.2x2.4 mm package. Their minimal engineering makes NEO-6 modules perfect aimed at battery-operated mobile devices using severe expenses & space obliques.



Fig. 7. GPS module

Creative plan as well as innovation overwhelms the sticking sources & the multipath influences are mitigates by providing phenomenal route execution of NEO-6 GPS collectors although within higher testing circumstances.

Note that when the GPS module works, the green pointer on the GPS module will squint (the red one is for power-on sign), and the figures in regards to the time, scope, longitude, and so on, will be shown in the u-focus programming window. At last, you should think about the figures appeared by the product with the information gathered by another trusty GPS gadgets to guarantee that your NEO-6M GPS module is great in all regards.

#### D. Fingerprint Module (AS608)

Optical unique finger impression sensors take low goals depictions of the tip of a finger and manufacturer varieties of identifiers that are then used to exceptionally distinguish a given finger impression calculations are dealt with AS608 and Arduino.

An optical fingerprint scanner works based on the principle of Total Internal Reflection (TIR). In an optical fingerprint scanner, a glass prism is used to facilitate TIR. Light from an LED (usually blue colour) is allowed to enter through one face of the prism at a certain angle for the TIR to occur. The reflected light exists the prism through the order face where a lens and an image sensor (essentially camera) are placed.

Where there's no finger on the prism, the light will be completely reflected off the surface,

producing a plain image in the image sensor.

When TIR occurs, a small amount of light leaked to the external medium and it is called the Evanescent Wave. Materials with different refractive indexes (RI) interact with the evanescent wave differently. When we touch a glass surface, only the ridges make good contact with it.

The valleys remain separated from the surface by air packets. Our skin and air have different RIs and thus the evanescent field differently. This effect is called Frustrated Total Internal Reflection (FTIR).

This effect alters the intensities of the internally reflected light and is detected by the image sensor. The image sensor data is processed to produce a high contrast image which will be the digital version of the fingerprint.

In capacitive sensors, which are more accurate and less bulky, there's no light involved. Instead, an array of capacitive sensors is arranged on the surface of the sensor and allowed to come in contact with the finger. The ridges and air packages affect the capacitive sensors differently. The data from sensor array is used to generate a digital image of fingerprint.



Fig. 8. Fingerprint module

## E. BUZZER

Buzzer is a little yet a productive part to add sound highlights to our frameworks. It is exceptionally little and minimized 2-pin structure henceforth can be effectively utilized part in most electronic applications.

There are two sorts of Buzzers that are normally accessible. The one appeared here is a straight



forward signal which when controlled will make a continuous blare...

This Buzzer can be utilized by basically controlling it utilizing a DC power flexibly running from 4V to 9V.



Fig. 9. Buzzer

### F. Motor

This gadget varies across DC electrical vitality. At the point when conductor is kept within an enticing field, tends to move. AT the end of the day, when an attractive field & electric field associate, and delivers a mechanical power.



Fig. 10. DC Motor

## G. L293D MOTOR DRIVER

L293Dengine driver module represents a medium force engine driver ideal to drive DC Motors as well as Stepper Motors. Four DC engines ON and OFF, or drive 2 DC engines with directional and speed control can be drawn by it.

The driver enormously rearranges and expands the simplicity wherewith one may handle engines, transfers etc. out of miniaturized scale controller.



Fig. 11. L293D Motor Driver

V. SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION AND RESULTS



Fig. 12. System implementation

Due to the programming as well as equipment connected works, the total framework is tried in vehicle for guaranteeing that a vehicle following unit is functioning admirably. At the point when vehicle is out of geo-fence with inappropriate unique mark check, at this point SMS is disseminated for the versatility of the owner with connect containing area of the vehicle.

For ignition of the vehicle we have to give authentication using finger print.

In the event that image is coordinated, at that 8566



point microcontroller will initiate start button. In the event that unique mark isn't coordinated, microcontroller would forward the message towards the vehicle owner together using position facilities. Also, it'll generate signal to the buzzer to point theft alert.



Fig. 13. SMS with GOOGLE link URL

## VI. CONCLUSION

The implementation of the anti-theft scheme using the real-time tracking as well as user control is the main objective of this system and GPS as well as GSM technologies are used to attain this. An additional safety layer is provided by it that includes the biometrics with respect to the recognition fingerprint for granting the permission for the vehicles for preventing the entire available options of the vehicles thefts.

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