

# Influence and Importance of Social e-App's for King Khalid University Students on Academic Performance in the Digital Epoch

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Abstract:

Social electronic Applications (Social e-App's) were generally created as a networking tool but Social Networking Apps (SNApp) and Social Networking Sites (SNSs) have been broadly adopted by pupils as a potential resource in academic communications. Today, students are being habituated to the usage of SNApp and hence they continuously engage in non-academic activities. This study delineates the consequence of wide utilization of SNApps on the pupils' academic performance as well as enumerates how these SNApps affected their devotion to studies. Since the regular practice of SNApp has affected their performance, there is a serious necessity to direct students to use similar technologies which only support classroom works. SNApp was initially developed as a networking communication tool but has become so much more. It is never realized that "how much time the students have spent on social media" and "How many hours, minutes and seconds they have spent on checking messages or scrolling through all followers' pictures on these Apps". The research explores how the Social e-App influences the pupils' academic performance centered on a comparative scrutiny between the Indian and KKU (Saudi Arabia) students.

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## I. INTRODUCTION

For the past decennium, the online world has historically changed because of social media (SM). With SM, the students and educational researcherscould exchange their ideas all through the globe. As per Beebe and Masterson (2003), communication betwixt humans consists of what people interact, how they say it and to whom was it said. The familiarization of Mobiles led to the improvement of several real-time messaging Application services to those who are connected

with the internet. Initially, SM is the utmost eminent technology in its domain. It is said that "when public have the power to enjoy, they have to abide responsibility with it" since there isn't always the positive power that comes in the way. The chief purpose of SNApp is to be utilized as a networking communication tool but it has achieved much more beyond it. Twitter, Facebook, WhatsApp, YouTube, and Instagram are the utmost popularly utilized indispensable SM applications.



Brian Acton and Jan Koum who were the exemployees of Yahoo developed WhatsApp. Inc. For the past decennium, SM has contributed more to youths as it provides the way for interacting with each other, worldwide. After the arrival of Facebook and MySpace during the period of 2004-2006, the ubiquitous effect of SM was felt all through the world. For instance, Facebook is accessed by 500 million users however, the graph is on the hike and it is as well estimated that over 85% of the pupils are found to use facebook for communication (Schneider, 2009). When these Social-e-Apps are accessed by the pupils, they utilize instant message (IM), chatting, and Twitter updates or status to exchange information between one another. Kaitlin (2010) stated that SNS also influence on the mode in which one gets information and reports.

Different sites open up unique portals and produce more diversified facts. Yet, SNApp is well-liked and has experienced huge fame among people. Additionally, these apps are highly habit-forming to pupils and could influence their academic performance in a way that becomes too hard to cure and control. SN Apps influences the commitment of pupils to study. With the developments in technology, SNSs have become eminent amidst pupils. Henceforth, people started to bother about the boundless usage of SM sites amongst the pupils which influences their studies.

## II. STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

The fast advancement of SM technology highly impacts the way the people interconnect day by day. The elevation in the utilization of the SM amongst the academic pupils in the current era could not be emphasized. Student's academic performance can be affected by several facets, among them the impact of SM is the utmost important facet. As stated by Das,B&Sahoo,JS (2010), todaypeople spend extra time on SM sites on communicating and exchanging their thoughts and ideas with each other. Therefore, pupils

become more reliant to instantly check their status which takes a few minutes in a day. Kist (2008), Choney, (2010), Jacobsen & Forste, (2011), MehMood&Taswir, (2013) considered that the utilization of internet has positive or negative effectson the pupil's academic performance. It is a matter of concern that in most cases, parents are worried about the pupils as they are prone to use up tremendous time over SM sites which may affect their study time. Parents are also alarmed by the continuous use of SM sites. Some surveys have elucidated that these sites are utilized by the pupils on a habitual basis. Hence, the investigation is done to estimate the pupils under the ascendency of SM sites on their education. This research was performed on King Khalid University pupils who frequently use SMs both inside and outside the college grounds. This work targets to appraise how SM impacts on university pupils in their academic performances.

# III. REVIEW OF RELATED WORK

Numerous studies were done by the researchers to appraise the utilization of SM platforms by pupils and their effects on them. Some of them are expounded below,

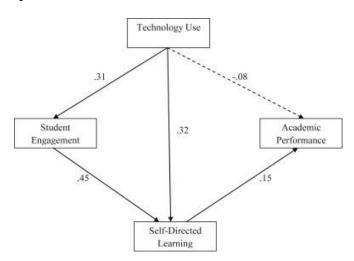
Owusu-Acheaw,& Larson (2015) performed a study on Koforidua Polytechnic pupils in Ghanato found the pupils' utilization of SM and analyze its result on scholastic performance. The studies exposed that most pupils tend to pass the time over 1/2 to 3 hoursaday over their smartphones with Internet facility and also over the SM sites. Also, the study showed that it had an adverse influence on the pupils' academia. San Miguel (2009), Karpinski&Duberstein (2009), Khan (2009), Enriquez (2010), Choney (2010), Kubey et al (2010), made studies over pupils' utilization of the SM sites and examined its result on their scholastic performance aimed over the pupils in this developed globe.



Hasnain, et al (2015) researched and found the connection betwixt the benefit of SM and pupils' and their scholastic performance in Pakistan. The results corroborated that the SM has contradictory effects on their academia.

Emeka & Nyeche (2016) performed a case study over the under-graduate students in the University of Abuja to ascertain the influence of Internet Usage on their studies. The outcome discovered that the Internet usage was an advantageous tool among students and it boosted up their capability and skills which assisted them in studies and carrier

Few researchers highlighted how SM had an effect on the education sector and also the study indicated a variety of beneficial and unfavorable effects of SM on the pupils' education. Few researchers found out the consequence of hiking utilization of SM sites on the university pupil's studies. Random sampling over 300 pupils depicted that the ascendency of SM over pupils is positive.



## IV. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This section discusses the research in detail. It mostly covers the research design, methodology and collected survey data. The survey is madeutilizing a questionnaire and the responses are collected from the pupils of KKU. This research

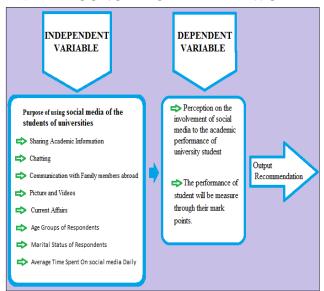
targets to scrutinize the consequences of SM on the performance of the university pupils. Their performance would be gauged through their marks. Over 300 questionnaires were disseminated and responses were collected.

#### Variables

The variables that depend on other factors which are to be measured are regarded as Dependent Variables. A dependent variable is expected to vary when there is an experimental influenceon the independent variable (s).

A variable that is unchanged by the other variables is regarded as the Independent Variable. These variables could be altered by the investigator.

# V. CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK



#### VI. TYPE OF STUDY

This research emphasizes the exploratory work to ascertain the influences of SM on the pupils' performance. The aforesaid exploratory study means a process of collecting evidence with experience or direct observation. It aids to respond the empirical questions, which has to be correctly explained and answered with data.



# VII. DATA COLLECTION

The data was gathered to scrutinize the consequences of the regular use of SM on the scholastic performances of the university pupils. A survey is made in respect of the pupils who are using disparate SNApps. A questionnaire made forgathering data as of the pupils who are fervently utilizing SM on smartphone is proffered below,

S.N	Ques	tions	Stude	Stude	Student
o.	-		nt	nt	Age
			Age	Age	Group
			Grou	Grou	25-30
			p	p	
			18-22	23-25	
	Conjoin	t General	Inform	ation Ab	out
	Student				
Q1.	Stude	UG			
	nt	PG			
	Status				
Q2.	Age Gro	oup of			
	student				
Q3.	Avera	Less			
	ge	than			
	Time	2			
	Spent	Hours			
	On	2-4			
	Using	Hours			
	Social	More			
	Media	than			
		4			
		Hours			
Q4.	Marita	Single			
	1	Marri			
	Status	ed			
Q5.	Freshe	freshe			
	r or	r			
	dropo	dropo			
	ut	ut			
			Yes		
		Social Media		No	Sometim
	Related				es
0.	Information				
Q6.	Sharing				

	T	1	1	1
	Academic			
	Information			
Q7.	Chatting			
Q8.	Communicatio			
	n With Family			
	Members			
Q9.	Picture and			
	Videos			
Q10	Current Affairs			
<b>Q</b> 10				
Q11	WhatsApp			
QII	w nats/ tpp			
•	Monitoring the			
	impact in			
	academics			
012				
Q12	Use app only			
	for studies			
Q13	Ever thought			
•	its effecting			
	studies			
Q14	App cannot			
•	help in studies			
Q15	It's the latest			
•	way of			
	learning			
Q16	It's helpful by			
	all means			
You	can sahre your exp	erience a	as a stud	ent while
	Social Networkin			
8		6	J	
_				

PG



	25-30	)	94
		T	able: 1
Thank you for your support and contribution.	Marital	statuses of Res	pondents:
	AGE	NO. OF	MARIT
	GROUP	RESPOND	STAT

# VIII. FINDINGS DATA AND DISCUSSION

The conclusionsattained from this study are given in tables 1 to 4.

Age Groups of Respondents:

AGE	NO. OF	STUDENT
GROUP	RESPONDENTS	STATUS
18-22	99	UG
23-25	97	UG + PG

AGE GROUP	NO. OF RESPOND ENTS	MARITAL STATUS SINGLE	MARITAL STATUS MARRIED
18-22	99	99	00
23-25	97	93	04
25-30	94	72	22

Table: 2

Average Time Spent daily on using SM, especially on WhatsApp:

AGE GROUP	NO. OF	BELOW 2	2-4 HOURS	ABOVE 4 HOURS
	RESPONDENTS	HOURS		
18-22	99	40	35	24
23-25	97	10	45	42
25-30	94	05	40	49

Table: 3

# **DISCUSSION**

Table 3illustrates that the average time spenton SM by pupils between 18-22 years is 62%, 23-25 years is 62.83% and 25-30 years is 63.5%.

Type of contents that the pupils share either as personal or group discussions:

PURPOSE OF	NO. OF RESPONDENTS	AGE GROUP	AGE GROUP	AGE GROUP
USING	Total NOR	18-22	23-25	25-30
WHATSAPP		A	В	С
Sharing	A+B+C/ NOR	42	38	25
Academic	105/290			
Information	36.206%			
Chatting	A+B+C/ NOR	80	85	90
	255/290			
	87.931%			
Communication	A+B+C/ NOR	55	46	48



With Family	149/290			
Members	51.379%			
Picture and	A+B+C/ NOR	90	89	92
Videos	271/290			
	93.448%			
Current Affairs	A+B+C/ NOR	10	25	32
	67/290			
	23.103%			
WhatsApp	A+B+C/ NOR	95	94	94
	283/290			
	97.586%			

Table: 4

Table 4elucidates the percentage of students using SMregularly forcommunication purposes with disparate SM applications. From table 4, 87.931% of pupils use SM for general chatting, 23.103% of pupils use SM for current affairs, 93.448% of pupils use SM for sharing pictures and videos, 51.379% of pupils use SM for Communicating with their Family Members and 36.206% of pupils were using SM for sharing academic-related information.

#### IX. CONCLUSION

The use of SM is now becoming popular all through the world due to technological developments. Besides celebrities, even the normal public becomes the users of these SM sites. The chief purpose of this work was to explore the academic outcomes of the pupils who spent their time mostly on such sites. Experiential outcomes are positive because 36.206% of students spent time on these SM sites for sharing and generating new concepts associated to their studies. They as well utilize SMcommunicating with their Family Members or friends, sharing videos and pictures, normal chatting and getting knowledge about current affairs. The use of these SM sites has become the routine habit of pupils and they spent their entire time on the SM both for pleasure and studies.

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