

Enhanced Management Skills for Restaurant Phase Internship

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Article Info
Page Number: 16 - 24
Publication Issue:
May/June 2019

Article History

Article Received: 09 February 2019

Revised: 08 April 2019 Accepted: 18 May 2019 Publication: 30 June 2019

ABSTRACT

This study assessed the TESDA competency standards on cookery, bread and pastry, food and beverage services and predictors for successful internship of Bachelor of Science in Hospitality Management interns of CTU- San Francisco Campus restaurant phase for school year 2014-2015 as well as the instructors and industry supervisors. Descriptive method of was adopted using questionnaires with the following respondents, five (5) Hospitality Management Instructors, forty (40) student interns and five (5) industry supervisors of the interns from the different cooperating agencies. It used simple percentage and Likert scale for the categorical rating of TESDA- based competencies as well as in the predictors for a successful internship. Results showed that based on TESDA competency requirements on cookery, food and beverageboth instructors and industry supervisors had indicated highly competent. However, student believed that they needed to enhance their skills in pastry food and beverages to come up with the desire of the industry. It is then recommended that the enhancement program of the school on the identified competencies be pursued. Successful internship program of the school can be strengthened through linkage with industry.



Keywords: curriculum enhancement, management skills, descriptive research, CTU-San Francisco Campus, Cebu, Philippines

INTRODUCTION

Hospitality management skills are acquired practical skills in achieving the relevant basic, common and core management competencies in the field of restaurant and hotel industries. These competencies were set and approved by the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA) and are essential to career success in the hospitality and tourism sector.

Cruz, (2000) described that industries on hospitality events aremost sourced of economic growth and contributes to almost ten percent of the world's GDP. Furthermore, hospitality and tourism courses are growing courses offered in universities for it is one of the present trends that offer a promising profession in the field of industry management that aims of providing high competent graduates prepared with relevant management competencies.

Considering the tourism potential of Camotes Islands part of Cebu province in Region VII and the development of hospitality and tourism courses in Cebu Technological University, San Francisco, Campus, a need to assess the hospitality management skills based on TESDA competency standardsof CTU- San Francisco Campus restaurant phase interns for the school year 2014-2015 students as basis for an enhanced hospitality skills management plan.

Theoretical Background of the Study

Education provides significant knowledge and skills that an individual needs to become a functional member of a society. It enhances one's ability and plays vital role in the development of man, helps people to learn skills, gain knowledge and understanding about the world and about themselves.

In management education, it aims of providing industry with high competent graduates and is prepared with relevant management competencies to meet the growing demands in hospitality and tourism courses.

Bath et al., (2004) described the nature of competencies necessary in the workplace and in any undergraduate courses that include flexible skills, behavioral and work attitudes. As mentioned by (Hodges & Burchell, 2003) that work-integrated programs should be emphasized that may include the identification and development of competencies needed by employers.

Internship as defined by Patton & Dial, (2000) refers to actual job training, supervised experiences and practical knowledge of the students relevant to their chosen fields. Furthermore, on –the- job training has been considered as a useful approach to train college students with common preliminary occupational experiences and knowledge in order to enhance their employability skills and to be competitive in the labor market.

Thus, there is a need for the students to acquire a broad or general understanding of the professional field and key concepts of the lessons learned in school to a more extent preparation that can provide great opportunities and expertise applicable during internship.



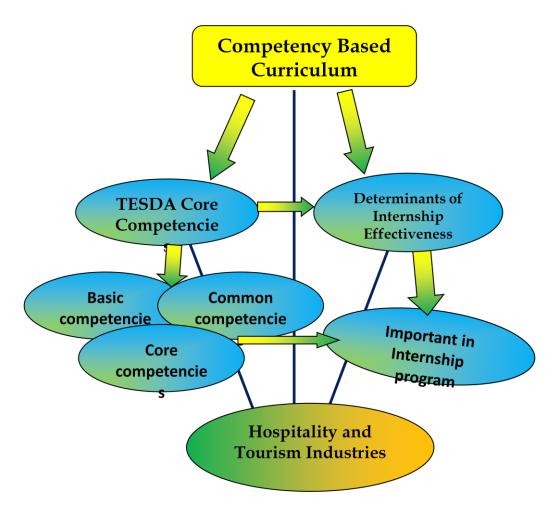


Figure 1: Theoretical Framework of the Study

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The study uses a questionnaire given to respondent groups that includes forty (40) interns of the Bachelor of Science in Hospitality Management, five (5) industry supervisors in the different cooperating agencies and five (5) instructors/professors in the Hospitality Management course.

This identifies the perceived level of the TESDA competency standards based on cookery, bread and pastry and food and beverage services core competencies. The level on the determinants for successful internship as cited in the study of Keyin (2010) is also included. A Likert scale was used to give quantification of the responses of

the respondents. Frequency, percentage distribution and average weighted means were used to analyze responses of the respondents in terms of their profile, the skills/competencies acquired during the training as well as the determinants of successful internship.



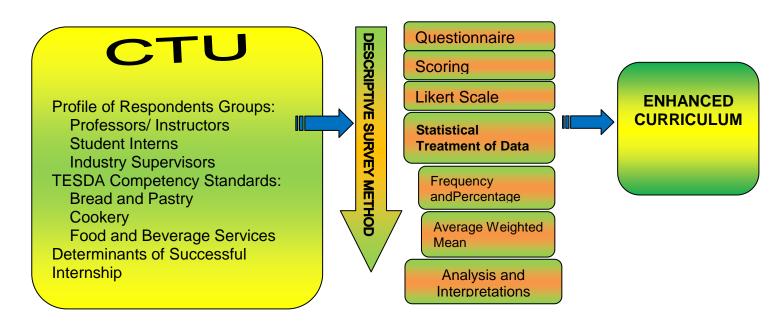


Figure 2: Flow of the Study

RESULTS

This section presents and discusses the results of the study.

Table 1. Cookery Core Competencies of Respondent Groups

	HM instructors (5)		Stud	ent interns	I	ndustry
			(40)		Supervisor (5)	
Cookery Core competencies	Mean	Description	Mean	Description	Mean	Description
1. Clean and maintain kitchen		Highly		Highly		Highly
premises	4.60	competent	4.43	competent	4.20	competent
2. Receive and store kitchen supplies		Competent		Highly		Highly
	4.20		4.25	competent	4.60	competent
3. Organize, prepare and present food		Highly		Highly		Highly
	4.60	competent	4.43	competent	4.60	competent
4. Prepare, cook and serve food for		Highly		Highly		Highly
menus	4.60	competent	4.23	competent	4.80	competent
5. Select, prepare and cook meat		Highly		Competent		Highly
	4.60	competent	3.93		4.40	competent
6. Prepare and cook poultry		Highly		Competent		Highly
	4.60	competent	3.88		4.40	competent
7. Prepare, cook and portioned		Highly		Competent		Highly
seafood	4.60	competent	4.00		4.60	competent
8. Prepare stocks, sauces and soups		Highly		Competent		Highly
	4.60	competent	4.00		4.60	competent
9. Package prepare food stuffs	4.60	Highly	4.03	Competent	4.40	Highly



		competent				competent
10. Prepare appetizers and salads		Highly		Highly		Highly
	4.60	competent	4.25	competent	4.60	competent
11. Prepare sandwiches		Highly		Highly		Highly
	4.40	competent	4.48	competent	4.60	competent
12. Prepare vegetables, fruits, egg and		Highly		Highly		Highly
starch products	4.40	competent	4.50	competent	4.60	competent
13. Prepare hot and cold desserts		Highly		Competent		Highly
	4.60	competent	4.08		4.80	competent
14. Prepare pastry, cakes and yeast-		Highly		Competent		Highly
bread products	4.60	competent	3.55		4.40	competent
	4.54	Highly	4.14	Competent		Highly
TOTAL		competent			4.54	competent

Table 2. Bread and Pastry Core Competencies of Respondent Groups

Bread and Pastry Competencies	HM instructors (5)		Student interns (40)		Industry Supervisor (5)	
	Mean Description		Mean	Description	Mean	Description
1. Preparing and producing bakery		Highly		Moderately		Moderately
products	4.60	competent	3.43	competent	3.20	competent
2. Preparing and presenting gateaux,		Highly		Moderately		Moderately
tortes and cakes	4.60	competent	3.25	competent	3.20	competent
3. Preparing and serving other types of		Highly		Competent		Moderately
desserts	4.40	competent	3.50		3.20	competent
4. Preparing and displaying petits		Highly		Competent		Moderately
fours	4.40	competent	3.88		3.40	competent
		Highly		Moderately		Moderately
TOTAL	4.60	competent	3.48	competent	3.20	competent

Table 3. Food and Beverage Core Competencies of Respondent Groups

Food and Beverage Services	HM instructors (5)		Student interns		Industry	
Competencies			(40)		Supervisor (5)	
	Mean	Description	Mean	Description	Mean	Description
1. Prepare the dining room/restaurant		Highly		Highly		Highly
area for service	4.40	competent	4.65	competent	5.00	competent
2. Welcome guests and take food and		Highly		Highly		Highly
beverage orders	4.40	competent	4.28	competent	4.80	competent
3. Promote food and beverage	4.20	Highly	3.88	Competent	4.80	Highly



products		competent				competent
4. Provide food and beverage services		Highly		Highly		Highly
to guest	4.60	competent	4.48	competent	5.00	competent
5. Provide room service		Highly		Highly		Highly
	4.40	competent	4.38	competent	5.00	competent
6. Receive and handle guest concerns		Highly		Competent		Highly
	4.60	competent	4.10		4.80	competent
		Highly		Highly		Highly
TOTAL	4.43	competent	4.29	competent	4.90	competent

Table 4. Summary of Core Competencies of the Respondent Groups

Respondent Groups	Competencies and Descriptive Rating								
	Cookery Core competencies								
HM Instructors	Highly competent	Highly competent	Highly competent						
	(4.54)	(4.52)	(4.43)						
Student Interns	Competent	Competent	Highly competent						
	(4.14)	(3.51)	(4.29)						
Industry Supervisor	Highly competent	Moderately competent	Highly competent						
	(4.54)	(3.24)	(4.90)						

Table 5. Rating of the determinants of successful internship by the Respondent Groups

	HM instructors (5)		Studen	t interns (40)	Industr	y Supervisor	
Determinants of					(5)		
Internship Effectiveness	Mean	Description	Mean	Description	Mean	Description	
1. Preparedness and		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly	
readiness to intern	4.40	agree	4.30	agree	4.80	agree	
2. Positive attitude towards		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly	
work/work ethics	4.60	agree	4.48	agree	4.80	agree	
3. Self- initiative (asking		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly	
questions)	4.60	agree	4.50	agree	5.00	agree	
4. Challenging job		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly	
	4.60	agree	4.55	agree	5.00	agree	
5. Autonomy in doing the		Strongly		Agree		Strongly	
job	4.40	agree	4.15		5.00	agree	
6. Effectiveness of the		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly	
supervisor	4.40	agree	4.43	agree	5.00	agree	
7. Task clarity/		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly	
understanding of the work	4.60	agree	4.48	agree	4.80	agree	
8. Allowance given by the	3.80	Agree	3.28	Undecided	3.40	Agree	



industry						
9. Support of the mentor		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
	4.60	agree	4.35	agree	4.80	agree
10. Guidance from		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
supervisor	4.40	agree	4.33	agree	5.00	agree
11. Guidance and support		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
from the OJT coordinator	4.60	agree	4.55	agree	5.00	agree
12. Moral support from		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
parents/guardian	4.60	agree	4.73	agree	4.80	agree
13. Support from colleagues		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
	4.60	agree	4.48	agree	4.80	agree
14. Financial support from		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
parents/ guardian	4.60	agree	4.80	agree	4.80	agree
15. Job match		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
	4.60	agree	4.40	agree	4.80	agree
16. Proper recommendation		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
from school	4.60	agree	4.55	agree	4.80	agree
Total		Strongly		Strongly		Strongly
	4.60	agree	4.58	agree	4.83	agree

DISCUSSION

Based on TESDA competency requirements on cookery, food and beverageboth instructors and industry supervisors had indicated highly competent. However, student believed that they needed to enhance their skills in pastry food and beverages to come up with the desire of the industry for they got a rating of competent. This implies that the differences in the profile of respondents slightly differ as to the level of their competencies.

Cookery competency standards are set by the Technical Education and Skills Development that equipped individual with the competencies needed in the preparation and presentation of foods that includes breads and pastries. A set of training regulations standards are also followed designed and patterned by TESDA.

Many internship programme require students to be well prepared in terms of completion of work (Clark, 2003). Furthermore, students with positive attitudes towards work during internship are expected by students to demonstrate for it's also a key to have successful internship. As indicated in the study of Beard and Morton, (2000) that interns who possess positive attitude and are realistic during the training got satisfactory experience and leading to an encouraging internship experience as well as academic preparedness, clarity and compensation are determinants for successful internship.

CONCLUSIONS

A highlight in the result of this study implies that TESDA-based core competencies for competency requirements on cookery, food and beverage both instructors and industry



supervisors had indicated highly competent. However, student believed that they needed to enhance their skills in pastry food and beverages to come up with the desire of the industry.

Successful internship indicated that all of the respondents strongly agreeon the indicators of successful internship. It further showed that the strongest contributing indicators include self-initiative, challenging job, autonomy in doing the job, effectiveness of the supervisor, guidance from supervisors and from OJT coordinator. However, preparedness readiness of interns, positive attitudes, task clarity/understanding of the work, support from the mentor, moral support from parents and colleagues, financial support from parents, job match and proper recommendation from school are all important in the success of internship. The allowance given by the industry still is a part on a successful internship for hospitality student interns.

RECOMMENDATION

Based on the findings of the study, the following are recommended:

- That the enhancement program of the school on the identified competencies be pursued as included in the enhancement plan of this study and successful internship program of the school be strengthened through expanded linkage with industry;
- 2. That the performance of the student interns during the phase 2 training program (hotel phase) be assessed;
- 3. That the internship should be design to gain better insight of the interns for a successfulon the job training and therefore maximizing the effectiveness of internship programme. Successful internship brings benefits to the

- cooperating industries as well as to the university.
- 4. That the determinants for a successful internship should be given emphasis and importance in order to have fruitful and unforgettable experiences of the student interns.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Sincere gratitude to all who have extended their assistance in making the study a reality. To the faculty, staff and administration of Cebu Technological University (CTU)- San Francisco, Cebu Campus for the opportunity given in the conduct of the study. To the staff of the Graduate School of CTU for their experise extended as well as to researcher's adviser for sharing her time and different expertise. To the group respondents: the BSHM student interns, the BSHM faculty/ instructors and the industry supervisors for their time in answering the questionnaires. To the researcher's parents for the continuous support and prayers, relatives and friends for their encouragement, unending support and fervent prayers; and all those who, in one way or another helped in making this study a reality; and most of all, to the Almighty Father for all the graces, good health and high hopes, strength and guidance.

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